

Work Problems

I. Find the work done by a force of $F(x)$ newtons along the x -axis from $x = a$ meters to $x = b$ meters.

1. $F(x) = xe^{-\frac{x}{3}}$ $a = 0$ $b = 5$

$$W = \int_0^5 xe^{-\frac{x}{3}} dx = \boxed{4.467 J}$$

2. $F(x) = x \sin\left(\frac{px}{4}\right)$ $a = 0$ $b = 3$

$$W = \int_0^3 x \sin\left(\frac{px}{4}\right) dx = \boxed{3.845 J}$$

3. $F(x) = x\sqrt{9-x^2}$ $a = 0$ $b = 3$

$$W = \int_0^3 x\sqrt{9-x^2} dx = \boxed{9 J}$$

4. $F(x) = e^{\sin x} \cos x + 2$ $a = 0$ $b = 10$

$$W = \int_0^{10} e^{\sin x} \cos x dx = \boxed{19.580 J}$$

II. Hooke's Law

1. A spring has a natural length of 10 inches. An 800 pound force stretches the spring to 16 inches. How much work is done stretching the spring from 10 inches to 12 inches?

$$F = kx \rightarrow 800 = k(16) \rightarrow k = 50$$

$$F(x) = 50x$$

$$W = \int_{10}^{12} 50x dx = \boxed{1100 \text{ inch} \cdot \text{lbs}}$$

2. A bathroom scale is compressed $\frac{1}{16}$ in when a 150 pound person stands on it. How much work is done in compressing the scale $\frac{1}{8}$ in?

$$150 = k\left(\frac{1}{16}\right) \rightarrow k = 2400$$

$$W = \int_0^{\frac{1}{8}} 2400x dx = \boxed{18.75 \text{ inch} \cdot \text{lbs}}$$

3. A force of 5 pounds compresses a 15 inch spring a total of 4 inches. How much work is done in compressing the spring 7 inches?

$$5 = k(4) \rightarrow k = 1.25$$

$$W = \int_0^7 1.25x dx = \boxed{30.625 \text{ inch} \cdot \text{lbs}}$$

4. A force of 200 pounds stretches a spring 2 feet on a mechanical device for driving fence posts. Find the work done in stretching the spring the required 2 feet.

$$200 = k(2) \rightarrow k = 100$$

$$W = \int_0^2 100x dx = \boxed{200 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbs}}$$

5. A force of 600 newtons stretches a spring 1 meter. How much work is done in stretching the spring from 0.9 meters to 1.5 meters?

$$600 = k(1) \rightarrow k = 600$$

$$W = \int_{0.9}^{1.5} 600x dx = \boxed{432 \text{ J}}$$

III. Newton's Law of Gravitation

1. If a space module weighs 12 tons on the surface of the earth, how much work is done in propelling the module to a height of 500 miles?

$$F = \frac{C}{x^2} \rightarrow 12 = \frac{C}{(4000)^2} \rightarrow C = 192,000,000$$

$$W = \int_{4000}^{4500} \frac{192,000,000}{x^2} dx = \boxed{5333.333 \text{ mile} \cdot \text{tons}}$$

2. If a space module weighs 4 tons on the surface of the moon, how much work is done in propelling the module to a height of 50 miles? [The radius of the moon is 1100 miles]

$$4 = \frac{C}{(1100)^2} \rightarrow C = 4,840,000$$

$$W = \int_{1100}^{1150} \frac{4840000}{x^2} dx = \boxed{191.304 \text{ mile} \cdot \text{tons}}$$