

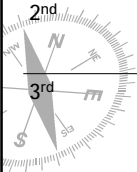
More About the Genitive

Stage 22



Genitive Case Endings

Declension	Singular	Plural
1 st	-ae	-arum
	<i>filiae</i>	<i>filiarum</i>
2 nd	-i	-orum
	<i>vini</i>	<i>vinorum</i>
3 rd	-is	-um
	<i>militis</i>	<i>militum</i>



Uses of the Genitive

1. Possession

- a. maritus Galateae erat Aristo.

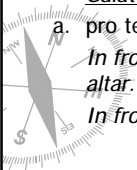
The husband of Galatea was Aristo.

Galatea's husband was Aristo.

- a. pro templo Caesaris stat ara.

In front of the temple of Caesar stands an altar.

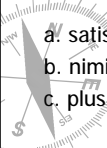
In front of Caesar's temple stands an altar.



Uses of the Genitive

2. Amount

The genitive case is used after words like *satis* ("enough"), *nimum* ("too much"), and *plus* ("more") to indicate an amount or quantity.

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- a. satis pecuniae = *enough [of] money*
 - b. nimum vini = *too much [of] wine*
 - c. plus sanguinis = *more [of] blood*

Uses of the Genitive

2. Amount

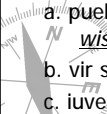
- d. nimum pecuniae =
- e. nihil periculi =
- f. plus laboris =
- g. multum cibi =



Uses of the Genitive

3. Description

The genitive case can be used (noun + adjective) to describe another noun.

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- a. puella magnae prudentiae = *a girl of great wisdom*
 - b. vir summae virtutis = *a man of great courage*
 - c. iuvenis viginti annorum = *a youth of 20 years*

Uses of the Genitive

3. Description

d. homo minimae prudentiae =

e. femina magnae sapientiae =

f. fabula huius modi =

g. puella maximae calliditatis =

h. vir optimi ingenii =

